\[ \Phi_{x\beta}(t, \tau) = S \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(t - \gamma) h_{\beta}(t + \tau - \gamma) W(\gamma) d\gamma. \]

\[ (S(t)S(t + \tau) = S^2(t) \sigma(t). \]

\[ W(\gamma) = \begin{cases} 0 & -\infty < \gamma < 0, \\ \sigma(t) & 0 < \gamma < 1, \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere}. \end{cases} \]

\[ W(\gamma) = \begin{cases} 0 & -\infty < \gamma < 0, \\ \gamma & 0 < \gamma < 1, \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere}. \end{cases} \]

The diagram on the left shows the phase space of a system with two variables, while the diagram on the right depicts a similar phase space with a different set of variables.
The function $W(t)$ is defined as follows:

$$W(t) = \begin{cases} \gamma & -\infty < t < T, \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

Graphs of $W(t)$ and $\Phi_y(l, \tau)$ are shown in the figure.
\( \theta = \frac{\tau}{2} \) \( \div \) ms

\( \mathbb{R} = 52 \text{m} \) due to the integration of the computer system at the beginning. The integration of the computer system is an important factor in the integration of computer systems. The details of the computer systems are shown in Table 1. The integration of computer systems is an important factor in the computer systems. The details of the computer systems are shown in Table 1.